

Transcatheter Aortic Valve







## Key Features



**Self-Expandable Nitinol Frame** 

Conformable to native annulus

Three Tentacle Design

Less metal at outflow

Large Frame Cells (≥15F)

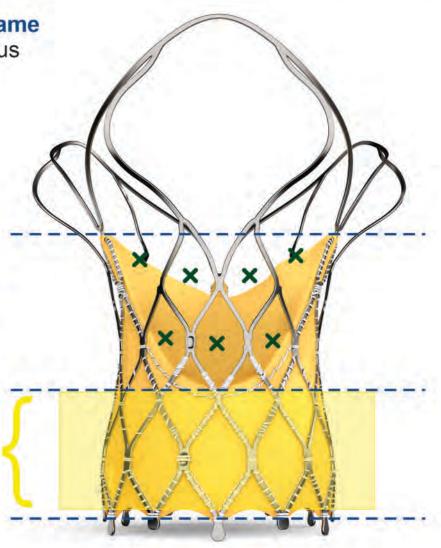
Facilitates easy access to the coronary arteries

**Extended Sealing Skirt** 

Mitigates paravalvular leak

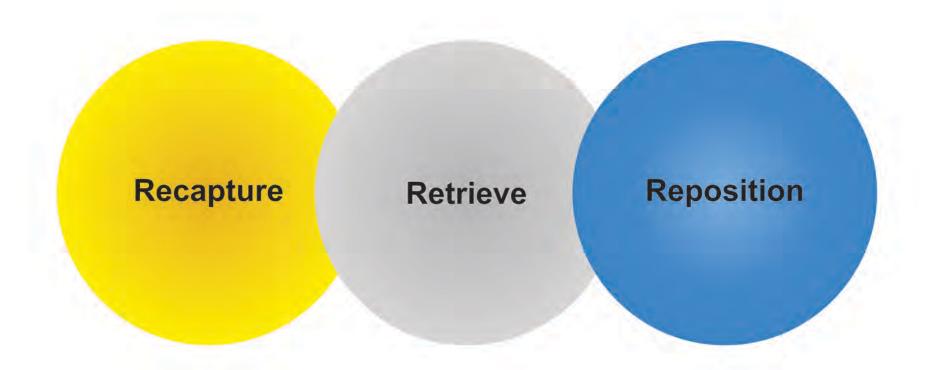
**Non-Flared Inflow Part** 

Reduces conduction abnormality



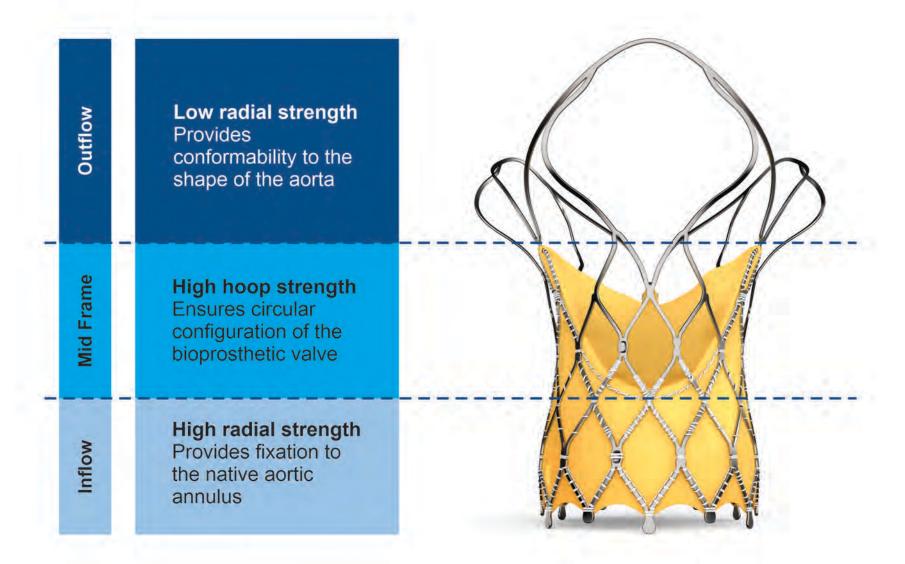
Each 'X' represents a single large cell





## Hydra Aortic Valve

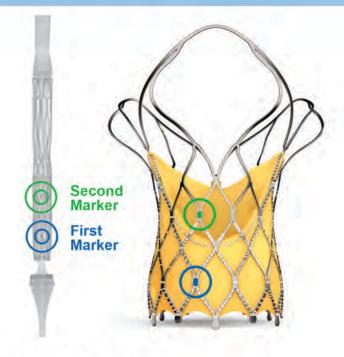




## Marker Location and Significance



- > First self-expanding TAVI device to have 2 rows of marker
  - First markers are located at Node 1
  - Second markers are located at Node 3
- First markers help
  - In precise implantation of the valve at the targeted implantation zone
  - · To ascertain the depth of implant
- Second markers indicate
  - When the THV leaflets are going to get deployed





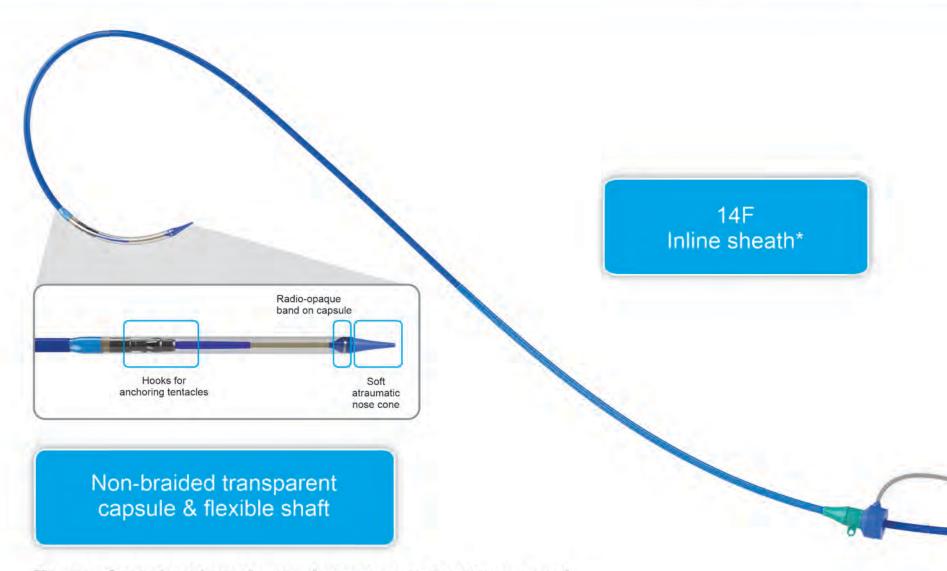




Case Example

## Hydra AVDC (Aortic Valve Delivery Catheter)





Ease of navigation through tortuous anatomy and coplanar implantation in horizontal aorta



#### Improved control handle along with Active Release

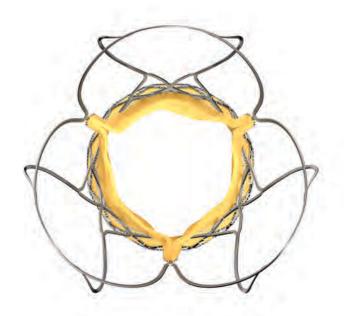
Provides overall stability and control during valve implantation to achieve the desired implant depth

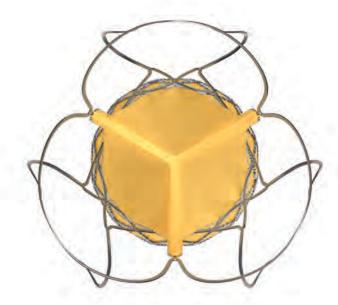


### Bovine Pericardium



- Made from single bovine pericardium
- Bioprosthetic valve leaflets are supra-annular in position, provide superior hemodynamics by providing larger effective orifice area and lower pressure gradient
- Supra-annular valve position helps to maintain circular shape of the bioprosthetic valve even if the native annulus shape is elliptical
- Proprietary anti-calcification treatment



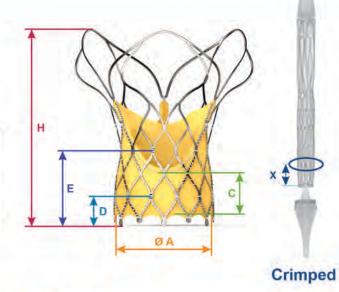


### Size Matrix



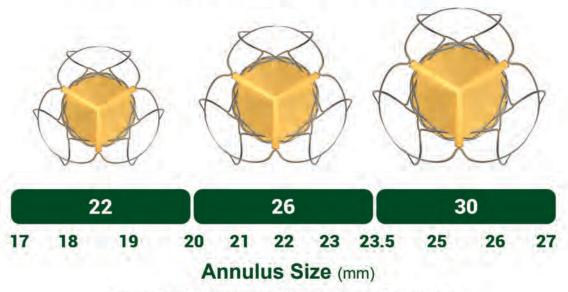
		Hydra 22	Hydra 26	Hydra 30
Diameter at Bottom	Α	22	26	30
Diameter at Top	В	39	43	47
Sealing Skirt Height	C	12	13	14
First Marker Crimped	X	8	9	10
First Marker	D	5	6	7
Second Marker	Е	15	18	21
Height	Н	55	53	51

ØB



Sizes mentioned in "mm"

**Intended Annular Treatment Range** 

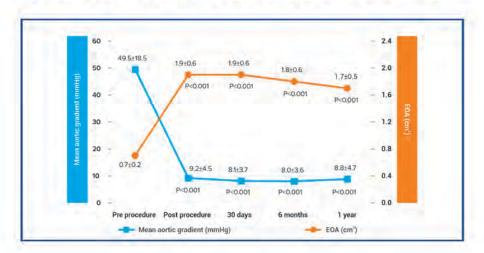


### Clinical Experience

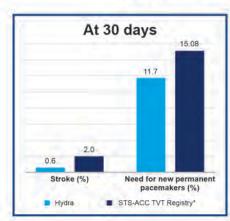


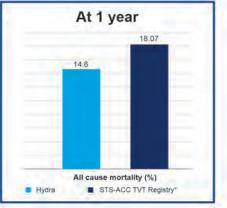
#### Excellent Hemodynamics<sup>1</sup>

- Single digit valve gradient up to 1-year follow-up.
- Larger effective orifice area (EOA) up to 1-year follow-up.



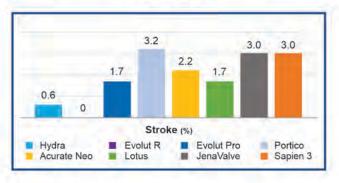
## Comparison of Hydra CE study with STS-ACC TVT Registry of TAVR<sup>1,2</sup>

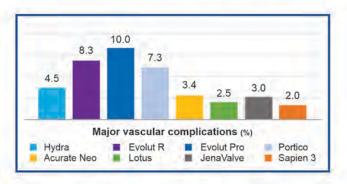


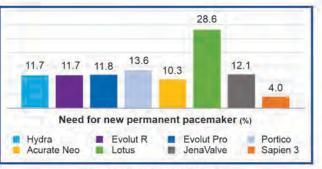


#### Comparison of CE-mark studies for major TAVR devices<sup>1</sup>

At 30 days







TAVR - Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement

# Summary



Frame Valve Hydra AVDC		Safety features	
<ul> <li>Varying radial force</li> <li>Two set of markers on the frame for precise positioning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supra-annular design</li> <li>Bovine pericardial tissue</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Flexible non-braided capsule</li> <li>Radio-opaque band on capsule</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Recapturable</li><li>Repositionable</li><li>Retrievable</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Highly flexible design and easy navigation due to less metal</li> </ul>	• Anti-calcification treatment	<ul><li>14F equivalent *</li><li>Active release mechanism</li></ul>	
<ul><li>Extended sealing skirt</li></ul>			
<ul> <li>Large open cells for future coronary access</li> </ul>			

#### **Ordering Information**

Reference Number	Size
HYDRA22	22 mm
HYDRA26	26 mm
HYDRA30	30 mm

www.smtpl.com



© 2022 Sanajanand Medical rechnologies Limited - All Rights Reserved, www.smtpl.com

HYDRA/BRO/EN01 REV.03



